## **Concussion Checklist:** Sideline Management

## Recognize Remove Refer

Please use this quick reference/checklist to help you and others determine whether a student athlete suffered a concussion:

- 1. 

  Has the athlete received a blow to the head or body, or whiplash?
- 2. If back or neck injury is suspected, or if the athlete loses consciousness, call 911 immediately. Otherwise, move to the next set of steps Recognize, Remove and Refer.
- **3.** □ **RECOGNIZE:** Does the athlete report or demonstrate these signs or symptoms of a concussion?

Signs (observed by others)	Symptoms (reported by athlete)
Athlete appears dazed or stunned	Headache
Responds slowly to questions or commands	Nausea or vomiting
Moves clumsily	Double or blurry vision
Forgets events before the hit (ask about the score, last play, etc.)	Memory problems (can't tell you details about the game, such as score, etc.)
Has balance problems (can't stand on one leg with eyes closed for at least 30 seconds)	Concentration problems (can't repeat series of five digits in reverse order)
Is confused	Sluggish feeling
Forgets events after the hit	"Foggy" feeling
Loses consciousness (any length of time)	Sensitivity to light or noise
	Fatigue

- 4. REMOVE from activity. Athlete cannot return to play the same day of a suspected concussion.
- 5. 
  Contact parents/guardians.
- 6. Document the incident with Sideline Concussion Documentation form.
- 7. 

  Monitor the athlete during remainder of game/practice or until he or she is picked up by parents. Be aware of any red flags.

**RED FLAGS** – Call 911 immediately if at any time the athlete:

- Loses consciousness (even a brief loss of consciousness should be taken seriously)
- Is drowsy or cannot be awakened
- A headache that not only does not diminish, but gets worse
- Weakness, numbness or decreased coordination
- Repeated vomiting or nausea
- Slurred speech
- Convulsions or seizures
- Cannot recognize people or places
- · Becomes increasingly confused, restless or agitated
- Has unusual behavior
- One pupil is bigger than the other (if this is not the normal state of the athlete)
- **8. REFER** the athlete for medical evaluation (physician): Athlete can only return to play with physician approval. Give parents the **Sideline Concussion Documentation** with attached physician release.

This information is provided by Providence Health & Services and our sports concussion specialists.



## Sideline Concussion Documentation: To be completed by coaching staff Date of birth: \_\_\_ /\_\_ / \_\_ Age/grade: \_\_\_ /\_\_ Athlete's name: **OBSERVATIONS** Team: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_/\_\_ /\_\_ Venue: \_\_\_\_\_ Current time: \_\_\_\_\_ Time of injury: Documentation completed by: Phone : ☐ Coach ☐ Athletic trainer ☐ Parent ☐ Other: If an athlete reports one or more symptoms of concussion after a bump, blow or jolt to the head or body, he or she should be kept out of play the day of the injury and until a physician, experienced in evaluating for concussion, says he or she is symptom-free and it's OK to return to play. 1. Danger signs: call 911 immediately ☐ Slurred speech ☐ Loses consciousness (even a brief loss of consciousness should be taken seriously). Convulsions or seizures Duration of loss of consciousness: ☐ Cannot recognize people or places ☐ Is drowsy or cannot be awakened Becomes increasingly confused, ☐ A headache that gets worse restless or agitated ☐ Weakness, numbness or ☐ Has unusual behavior decreased coordination ☐ One pupil is larger than the other ☐ Repeated vomiting or nausea (if not a normal state for the athlete) 2. Injury description: □ Fall □ Hit head on other player □ Hit head on ground/object □ Struck by object 3. Location of impact: ☐ Front ☐ Back ☐ Right side ☐ Left side 4. Last memory before the impact:\_\_\_\_\_ (Duration of time between memory and impact: \_\_\_\_\_\_) 5. First memory after the impact: \_\_\_ (Duration of time between impact and memory: \_\_\_\_\_\_) **FUNCTION** 1. Oriented to: □ self □ location □ score □ opponent □ last play 2. Does athlete stagger, sway, stumble or appear uncoordinated? Yes No 3. Are athlete's eyes having difficulty tracking, and/or do pupils look unequal? Yes No 4. Does athlete seem dazed or appear to be responding slowly or acting differently than usual? □ Yes □ No MONITORING SYMPTOMS Symptom Headache Ask athlete if they have Dizziness these symptoms. Vision changes Light sensitivity Noise sensitivity Neck pain Feeling distracted Fatique

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Tingling/loss of movement
Feeling foggy/cloudy/out of it
Difficulty remembering
Upset/emotional

