

What is Hospice?

Facts for Physicians and Care Providers

Providence Hospice of Seattle provides hospice and palliative care services to adults and children with life-limiting illnesses and their families throughout King County. We strive to provide culturally appropriate care.

Our diverse team includes:

Hospice medical director, nurses (visiting and 24-hour on-call), medical social workers, home health aides, chaplains, pharmacist, occupational therapists, grief support counselors and volunteers

We offer:

- Rapid response time for admissions
- Innovative care team model that promotes coordinated care
- Open access philosophy that expands access to palliative treatments
- Expertise in pain control and symptom management

Additional services include:

- Three- to five-day nursing home respite
- Short-term in-patient care for pain/ symptom management
- Durable medical equipment
- Medications for symptom management
- Supplies needed for comfort

Specialized programs include:

- Grief Support Services: Grief support for families of hospice patients and community members
- Safe Crossings: Anticipatory grief and bereavement program for children
- Transitions: Support and resources for people with life-limiting illness who are not ready for hospice services
- Stepping Stones: Pediatric palliative care and hospice program

What is hospice?

- Hospice is a concept of care, not a place. Hospice services are provided in the patient's home, or in a nursing home, assisted living facility, or adult family home.
- Hospice focuses on relief of suffering and quality of life. Hospice affirms life and regards dying as a normal process; it neither hastens nor postpones death.
- Hospice offers emotional and spiritual support, as well as medical care.
 Hospice also provides support to the patient's family, including grief support services.

Who is eligible for hospice?

- Anyone living with a life-limiting illness with an estimated prognosis of six months or less if the disease runs its expected course.
- Patients with an end-stage condition, such as end-stage cancer; liver, heart, pulmonary, or renal disease; stroke; HIV; diabetes; and neurological conditions (including dementia, ALS, and Parkinson's disease).
- Patients receiving palliative treatment for symptom management (chemotherapy, radiation, IV antibiotics, transfusions, TPN, hydration).

What are the guidelines for determining prognosis?

- Patient's condition is life-threatening.
- Patient and family's primary goal is comfort.
- Documented disease progression: multiple ER visits/hospitalizations; more than 10% weight loss in a six-month period; significant functional decline.

What is the role of the primary care physician?

- Certify hospice appropriateness and write treatment orders.
- Bill for office visits under Medicare Part B or other applicable insurance.

How is hospice paid for?

- Medicare (all Medicare HMO programs) and Medicaid
- Private insurance
- Charitable donations

To make a referral, please call 206.749.7701, or view our Web site at www.providence.org/hospiceofseattle